



To achieve our consolidated sales target of 100.0 billion yen as set forth in the 2030 Vision and strengthen initiatives under the Medium-term Business Plan, we've formulated a new series of policies to increase corporate value around the core themes of strengthening growth investments, shareholder returns, and governance.

Kazunori Murao President and Representative Director

村尾 和則

As part of a larger effort to elevate our business stage so that we can increase corporate value on an ongoing basis by strengthening our management foundation, primarily through financial improvements, we've formulated and are working to implement our long-term vision, the 2030 Vision, and our Medium-term Business Plan, "Challenges for the Future."

Although we've made steady progress towards putting the plan into practice during the year and a half since it began in April 2020, it will be necessary to further strengthen initiatives in order to realize our consolidated sales target of 100.0 billion yen under the long-term vision. From the perspective of increasing our corporate value in a sustained manner, we're aware of the need to incorporate the standpoint of increasing shareholder value into the Medium-term Business Plan.

Based on these facts, we've formulated a series of policies to increase corporate value by the fiscal year ending March 2025 around the core themes of strengthening growth investments, shareholder returns, and governance. In keeping with these policies, we will resolutely implement a series of initiatives to realize our long-term vision and increase corporate value.

We look forward to your continued support and understanding in the future as we pursue these goals.



Company Overview

Name DAISUE CONSTRUCTION CO., LTD.

Head Office 2-5-28 Kyutaromachi, Chuo-ku, Osaka

Established March 20, 1947

Capital 4.3 billion yen

Employees 602 (consolidated basis, as of March 2021)

Share listing First Section, Tokyo Stock Exchange

6 throughout Japan

Business Sites Osaka, Tokyo, Nagoya, Sendai, Takamatsu,

Fukuoka

Group companies DAISUE TECHNO SERVICE CO., LTD.

YASURAGI CO., LTD.





March 1937	Sueo Yamamoto founds the business in the city of Matsubara, Osaka Prefecture.
March 1947	Daisue Gumi Co., Ltd. is established in Osaka Prefecture.
October 1961	The Company is listed on the Second Section of the Osaka Securities Exchange.
April 1963	The Head Office is relocated to Yamatocho in Osaka's Minami Ward.
July 1963	The Company is listed on the Second Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.
May 1967	The Company is listed on the First Section of the Osaka Securities Exchange and the Tokyo Stock Exchange.
March 1970	The Company changes its name to DAISUE CONSTRUCTION CO., LTD.
September 1991	The Head Office is relocated to Fukushima in Osaka's Fukushima Ward.
May 1999	The Head Office is relocated to Minamisenba in Osaka's Chuo Ward.
September 2009	The Head Office is relocated to Kyutaromachi in Osaka's Chuo Ward.





Our Businesses

We operate three businesses: our flagship condominium business, which boasts an industry-leading construction track record; our construction business, which accepts contracts for a wide range of buildings; and our renovation business, which expands and renovates existing structures.



Condominium business

Construction of condominium and apartment buildings, public housing, company housing, employee dormitories, etc.

Having constructed numerous condominium buildings throughout Japan, particularly in the country's three largest cities, we boast an industry-leading construction track record. Expertise accumulated through this extensive track record and the high level of trust our customers place in us comprise our core strengths.

We've been involved with a broad range of condominium and apartment building projects that meet customers' wishes, from compact buildings in urban settings to large, multi-building developments.



Construction business

Construction of office buildings, distribution warehouses, factories, healthcare and social welfare facilities, ceremonial venues, cultural and educational facilities, etc.

We've participated in numerous building projects that run the gamut of categories, including office buildings, distribution warehouses, factories, medical and social welfare facilities, commercial facilities, and educational facilities. We also have an extensive track record for ceremonial venues like wedding halls and funeral homes, particularly in the Tokyo area. In recent years, we've been working to earn orders for distribution warehouses, a segment of the market where demand is growing.



Renovation business

Repair and expansion, and renovation of existing structures as well as the performance of building diagnostics, seismic resistance diagnostics, seismic resistance reinforcement, and other services

We meet the full array of customer needs with regard to existing structures, from repair and improvement to renovation, expansion, seismic resistance diagnostics, and seismic resistance reinforcement. We also have the ability to accommodate comparatively large-scale, difficult update projects, for example renovations and conversions. We're helping realize a sustainable society by recycling and extending the service life of buildings.

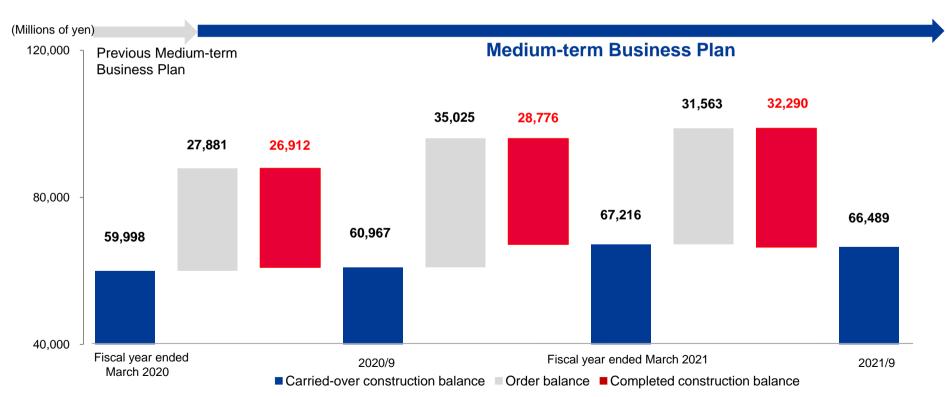
Financial Information



1. Summary of results

Sales rose 20.0% from the corresponding quarter of the previous fiscal year thanks to factors including an increase in the construction balance carried over from the previous fiscal year.

Consolidated completed construction balance: 32,290 million yen



Reference: Construction balance carried over from previous fiscal year + order balance from current fiscal year - completed construction from current fiscal year = Construction balance carried over to next fiscal year

^{*}Figures have been rounded down to the nearest million yen.



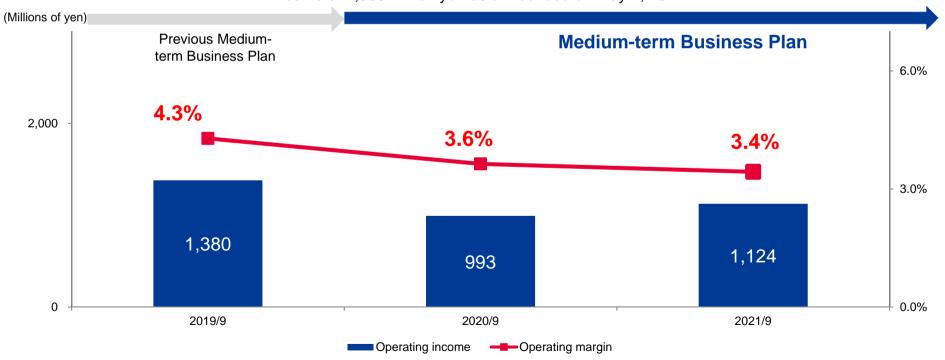
1. Summary of results

Operating income rose 13.2% from the corresponding quarter of the previous fiscal year to 1,124 million yen thanks to factors including an increase in the completed construction balance.

The operating margin fell 0.2 points from the corresponding quarter of the previous fiscal year to 3.4%.

Consolidated operating income: 1,124 million yen / Consolidated operating margin: 3.4%

*There has been no change to the full-year consolidated business outlook of sales of 69,000 million yen and operating income of 2,500 million yen as announced on May 7, 2021.

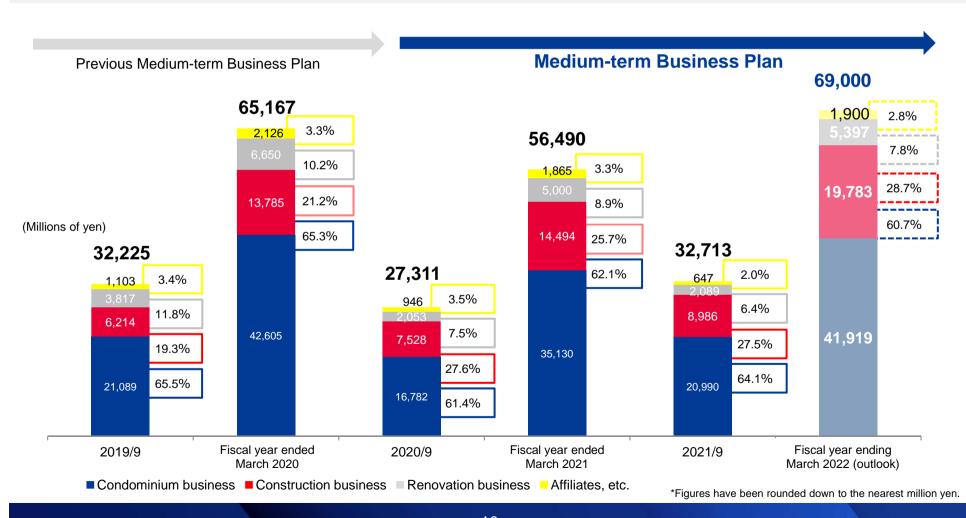


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2. Trend in consolidated sales

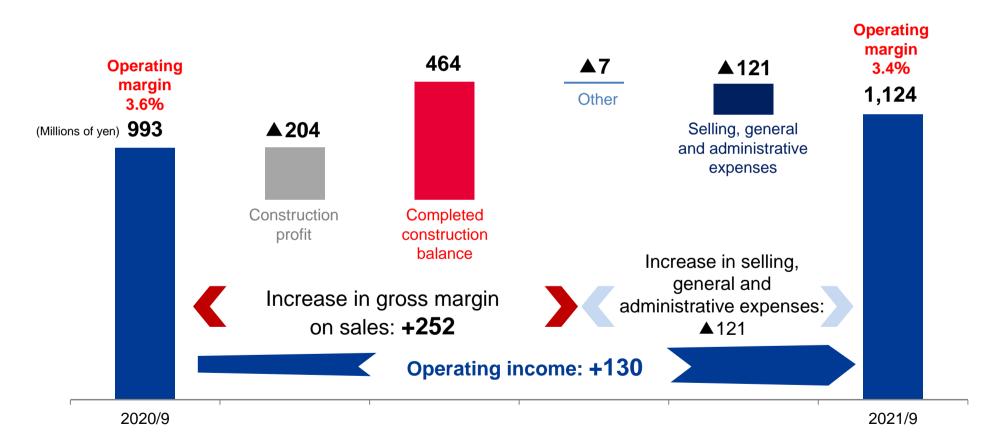
Consolidated sales rose 19.8% from the corresponding quarter of the previous fiscal year to 32,713 million yen amidst growth in our flagship construction business.





3. Factors affecting consolidated operating income

Profit rose 130 million yen from the corresponding quarter of the previous fiscal year thanks to factors including growth in the completed construction balance.



*Figures have been rounded down to the nearest million yen.

DAISUÉ

4-1. Principal completed and ordered construction

April 2021 to September 2021

Completed construction

*In order of prefectural code

Client	Building	Prefecture	Use
Shimizu Comprehensive Development	VPO Higashi-nihonbashi	Tokyo Metropolitan Government	Government building/offices
Central Japan Railway Company JR Tokai Real Estate Co., Ltd.	Meieki Taiko Doriguchi Building	Aichi Prefecture	Government building/offices
Sakai City	Sakai Health Center and Municipal Parking Garage*	Osaka Prefecture	Government building/offices
Eslead Corporation	Eslead Tsurumi Ryokuchi Koen Forest Eslead Tsurumi Ryokuchi Koen Breeze	Osaka Prefecture	Condominiums and apartments
Kyoei Steel Ltd.	Kyoei Steel Ltd. Hirakata Office Product Warehouse	Osaka Prefecture	Distribution warehouse and plant
Anabuki Kosan Inc.	Alpha States Eirakudori	Tottori Prefecture	Condominiums and apartments

Ordered projects

Client	Building (project)	Prefecture	Use
Tokyo Tatemono Co., Ltd.	T-LOGI Kazo	Saitama Prefecture	Distribution warehouse and plant
Nomura Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	1 Sakuragicho, Omiya-ku, Saitama	Saitama Prefecture	Condominiums and apartments
Daikyo Incorporated	Lions Chigasaki Ekimae	Kanagawa Prefecture	Condominiums and apartments
Osaka Gas Co., Ltd.	Imazu Athletic Field Gymnasium Ceiling and Floor	Hyogo Prefecture	Education/culture/ sports (repair)
Shinko Real Estate Co., Ltd.	Kobe Suma Ward Yasakadai Plan*	Hyogo Prefecture	Distribution warehouse and plant
Anabuki Kosan Inc.	Alpha States Higashinaka	Fukuoka Prefecture	Condominiums and apartments

^{*}Joint venture project

4-2. Principal completed construction



Sakai Health Center and Municipal

Meieki Taiko Doriguchi **Building**



Parking Garage



Alpha States Eirakudori



Kyoei Steel Ltd. Hirakata Office Product Warehouse

5. Revision of (increase in) the end-of-year dividend outlook



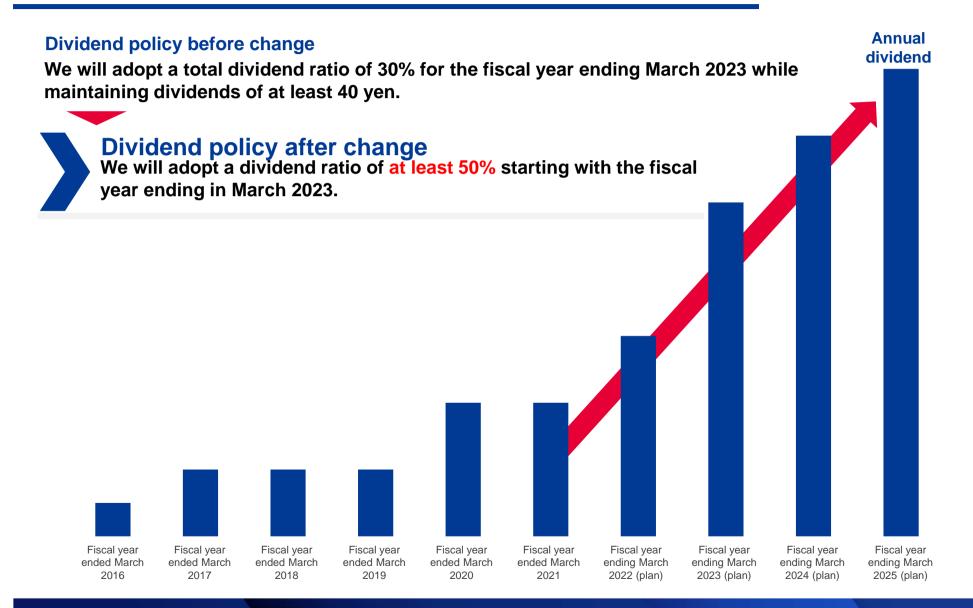
We recently revised our dividend policy in light of **newly adopted measures to increase corporate value** and as a result determined to
actively return profits to shareholders by adopting **a dividend ratio of at least 50%** starting during the fiscal year ending March 2023.

Based on the above policy, we will increase dividends for the fiscal year ending March 2022 from 20 yen to 40 yen, for a total of 60 yen per share (consisting of a 20-yen dividend at the end of the second quarter and a 40-yen dividend at the end of the year).

Going forward, we will work to maintain and improve ROE and ROIC by increasing profit through growth investments and implementing appropriate balance-sheet management.

5. Revision of (increase in) the end-of-year dividend outlook





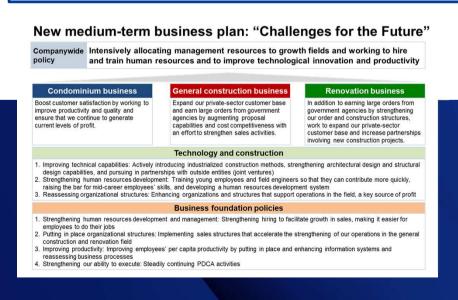
Information about Future Measures to Increase Corporate Value



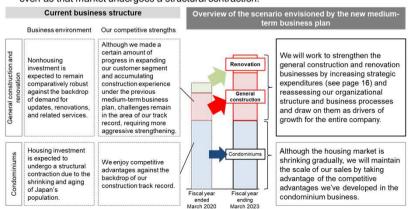
1. Status of the Medium-term Business Plan

In May 2020, we adopted our long-term vision, the 2030 Vision, and a three-year Medium-term Business Plan, "Challenges for the Future."

Although falling sales and profits in the condominium and renovation businesses put a damper on progress during the plan's first year (the fiscal year ended March 2021), the general construction business notched increased sales and profits despite the COVID-19 pandemic, allowing us to make a certain amount of progress in accelerating the strengthening of the general construction and renovation businesses, a central theme of the plan.



We will accelerate our efforts to strengthen the general construction and renovation businesses while maintaining the current level of sales in the condominium business, even as that market undergoes a structural contraction.





2. Revision for the Medium-term Business Plan

As we study how to further strengthen the general construction and renovation businesses based on our performance during the previous fiscal year, we will take advantage of the reorganization of the Tokyo Stock Exchange to reconsider key milestones on the way to 2030.

We will resolutely address issues as we target prime markets in order to increase corporate and shareholder value, and we recognize the need to incorporate investors' perspective into the Medium-term Business Plan.

Issues facing Daisue Construction

Accelerating our response to the Digital Transformation (DX)

Making bold growth investments

Increasing profitability

Increasing market capitalization

Deepening synergies with Misawa Homes

Increasing orders for large projects

Strengthening ESG initiatives

Issues facing the construction industry

Lag in accommodating the DX

Aging of experienced engineers

Reducing CO₂ emissions

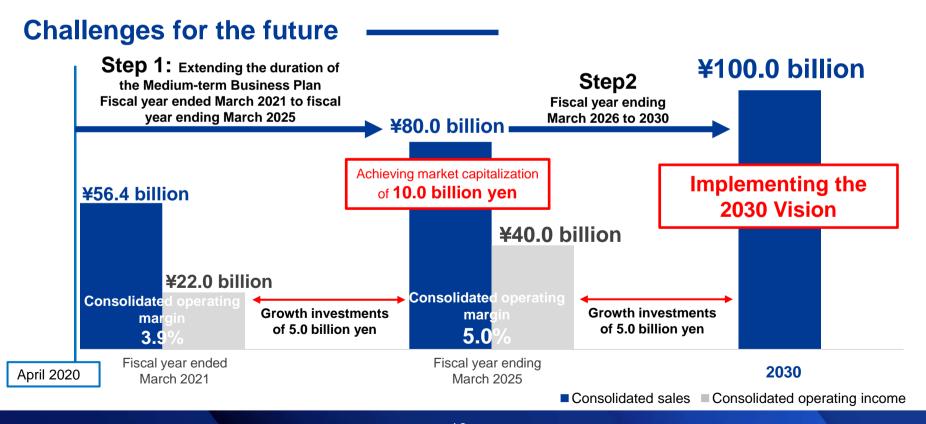
Accommodating workstyle reforms

Shrinking of the domestic construction market



3. Time axis for initiatives (new milestones)

- In order to increase corporate value as we implement the 2030 Vision, we recognize the need to incorporate the perspective of increasing shareholder value into the Medium-term Business Plan to complement bolder growth investments.
- Based on this recognition, we're revising the old milestones and extending the final year of the plan from the fiscal year ending March 2023 to the fiscal year ending March 2025. Our goal is to increase our market capitalization to 10.0 billion yen through new business growth strategy and capital measures.





4. Initiative basic plan

- Building interconnected business and capital strategies with the goal of increasing shareholder value, along with government structures to support them
- For the time being, striving to achieve growth and improvement through high-priority investments that help resolve issues and balance-sheet management

Increasing shareholder value

Achieve market capitalization of at least 10.0 billion yen at the end of the fiscal year ending March 2025 through management that's aware of our share price.

Achieve operating profit of 4.0 billion yen (operating margin of 5.0%) and net profit of 2.8 billion yen during the fiscal year ending March 2025.

New business strategy

Investing 5.0 billion yen to improve core-business profitability by the fiscal year ending March 2025

New capital strategy

Dividend ratio of at least 50% + appropriate balance-sheet management

- Aggressive DX (strengthening core businesses) + defensive DX (increasing productivity)
- Strengthening our core businesses by capturing large projects
- Investing 5.0 billion yen in peripheral and new businesses from a long-term perspective that extends to 2030 (Total: 10.0 billion yen)

Linking business strategies (growth investments), maintaining ROE and ROIC of at least 10%, and achieving a dividend ratio of at least 50% as a way to return profits to shareholders based on capital markets' perspective

ESG

- Moving quickly to build governance structures that put independent outside directors in at least one-third of all Board positions
- Fostering awareness of the Board of Directors' skill matrix and taking the need to promote female officers into account
- Recognizing the need to realize a person- and planet-friendly society as an important issue as we work to achieve a low-carbon, recycling-oriented society and connecting that awareness to our business strategy



5-1. New business strategy (1)

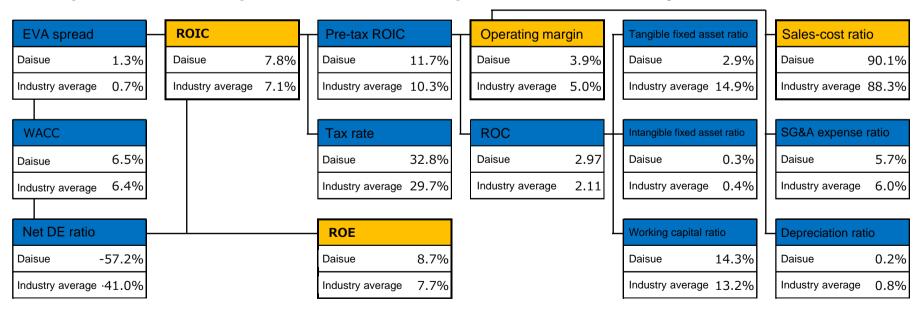
Maintaining and increasing ROE and ROIC by improving profitability through growth investments that are linked to a capital strategy that centers on aggressive and defensive DX

Our return on capital is not low compared to other companies, but there are issues with the level of our operating margin.

We boast a high return on capital and exceed the average values of other companies in our industry for both ROIC and ROE.

However, we do have issues with low operating margin (high cost rate).

Comparison of EVA spread with other companies in our industry*



^{*}Comparison of average values for the fiscal year ended March 2021 with general contractors of roughly the same size (data from Capital IQ)



5-2. New business strategy (2)

- Step 1 in improving the profitability of our core businesses will be to invest 5.0 billion yen to address topics such as the DX and increasing the size of orders. We will strive to achieve consolidated operating income of 4.0 billion yen (operating margin of 5.0%) in the fiscal year ending March 2025.
- We will also invest 5.0 billion yen in Step 2 to jump-start efforts to expand our business domain into peripheral businesses and new fields. Although we will give priority to addressing investment topics related to strengthening our core businesses in Step 1, we will also start to address the investment topics in Step 2 in order to lay the groundwork for the future.
- We will make active use of outside resources (M&As, promoting experts, etc.) in order to implement Steps 1 and 2.

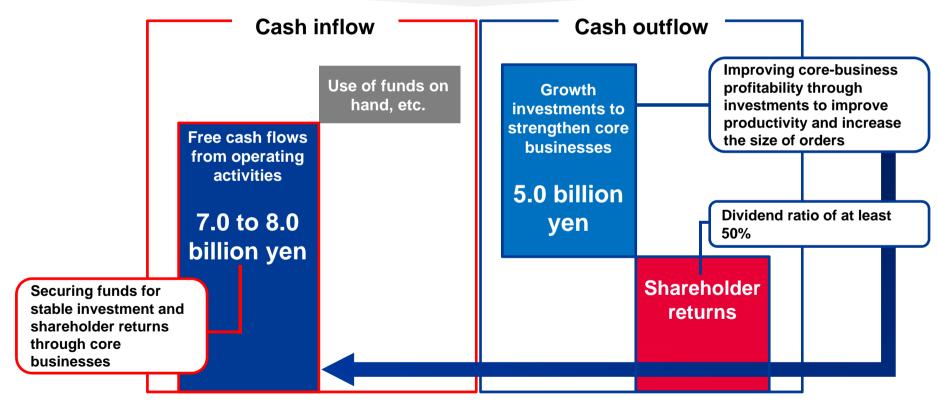
Step 1: Fiscal year ended March 2021 to fiscal year ending March 2025		
Issues	Priority investment topics	Amount of investment
Lag in accommodating the DX Decline in operating margin (rising cost rate) Expanding the size of orders	 DX focusing on construction sites (defensive DX) Improving productivity through industrialization, BIM adoption, etc. DX in sales-related operations in order to increase orders (aggressive DX) Entry into super-high-rise buildings and super-large projects worth at least 5.0 to 10.0 billion yen 	5.0 billion yen

Step 2: Fiscal year ending March 2026 to 2030		
Issues	Priority investment topics	Amount of investment
Expanding our business domain Securing sources of profit outside contracting Complying with ESG and SDGs; contributing to a low-carbon society	 Developing and acquiring zero-energy technologies like ZEB, ZEH, and wood construction techniques in order to achieve carbon neutrality Reentering the civil engineering business Entering the real estate business Entering the environmental business (renewable energy, etc.) 	5.0 billion yer



6. New capital strategy

- Realizing growth investment on the order of 5.0 billion yen and shareholder returns with a dividend ratio of at least 50% based on funds earned through our core businesses
- Working to maintain and improve ROE and ROIC by increasing core-business profit through growth investments



3-year cash flow conditions for Step 1 (fiscal year ending March 2023 to fiscal year ending March 2025)



7. Strengthening governance

- Striving to realize a higher level of governance by focusing on implementing principles that will be applied to prime markets under the June 2021 revision of the Corporate Governance Code, for example by appointing independent outside directors to at least one-third of all Board of Directors positions
- Pursuing ESG-related initiatives and measures to strengthen IR alongside this strengthening of governance

Principles from the June 2021 revision of the Corporate Governance Code that will be applied to prime markets

1-	-2 (4)	Electronic platforms for exercising voting rights should be accessible to institutional investors.
3-	-1 (2)	Necessary information contained in disclosed documents should be disclosed and provided in English.
3-	-1 (3)	Companies should enhance their disclosure practices in terms of both quality and quantity in accordance with the TCFD or an equivalent framework.
4-	-8	Companies should appoint independent outside directors to at least one-third (and a majority as necessary) of the seats on their Board of Directors.
4-	-10 (1)	Independent outside directors should hold a majority of seats on nominating committees and remuneration committees, and companies should explicitly define their approach to independence as well as the authority, roles, and other characteristics of those committee members.
3- 3- 4-	-1 (2) -1 (3) -8	Necessary information contained in disclosed documents should be disclosed and provided in E Companies should enhance their disclosure practices in terms of both quality and quantity in accordance with the TCFD or an equivalent framework. Companies should appoint independent outside directors to at least one-third (and a majority as necessary) of the seats on their Board of Directors. Independent outside directors should hold a majority of seats on nominating committees and remuneration committees, and companies should explicitly define their approach to independent

We will work to implement the Corporate Governance Code with a focus on the above principles.

Additionally, we will strive to address priorities including implementing ESG-related initiatives, enhancing IR information, and pursuing dialog with investors.

A company that creates spaces rich in security and joy



Inquiries concerning this document

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